

A Glimpse into Software-Defined Optical Networks of the Future

Anup Changaroth
Senior Director
APAC CTO Office & Strategic Business Development

September, 2017



## Today's Presentation

1	Capacity Evolution
2	The Challenge with current Optical Networks
3	The Autonomous Optical Network
4	Application Examples

#### **About Ciena**

Ciena: Provider of Fibre based connectivity & On-Demand Business solutions – So that Customers can thrive in a Web-Scale World.

HARDWARE	SOFTWARE	SERVICES
Converged packet-optical and Ethernet platforms	Automation & orchestration, across physical and & virtual	Professional services and technical services

- Founded in 1992, IPO 1997
- 5,500+ employees, 60+ countries
- 1,300+ customers; 80% of World's **largest Service Providers**



750+ customers

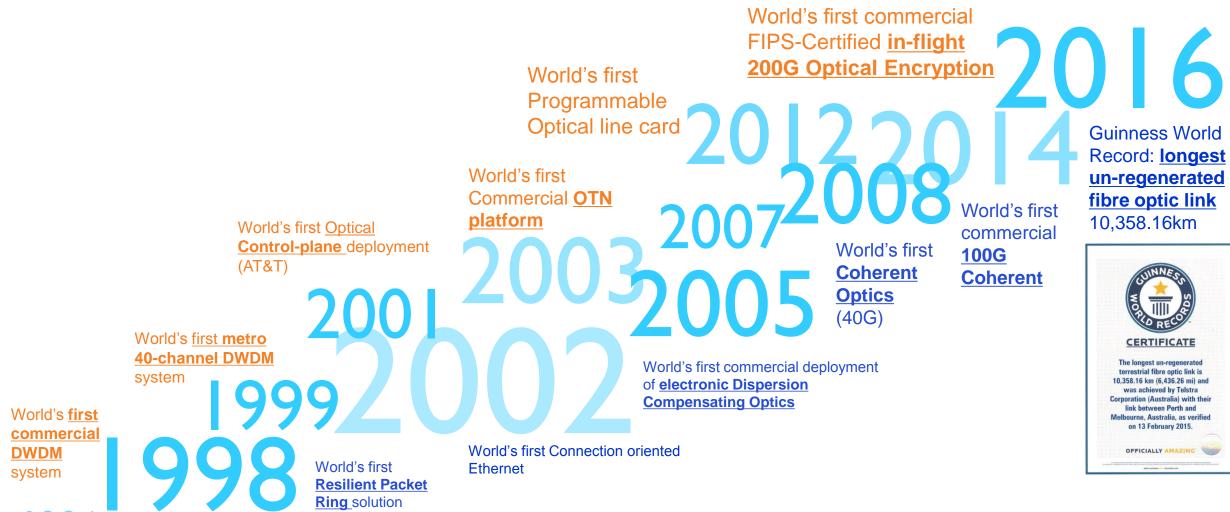
100+ customers

350+ customers

130+ customers

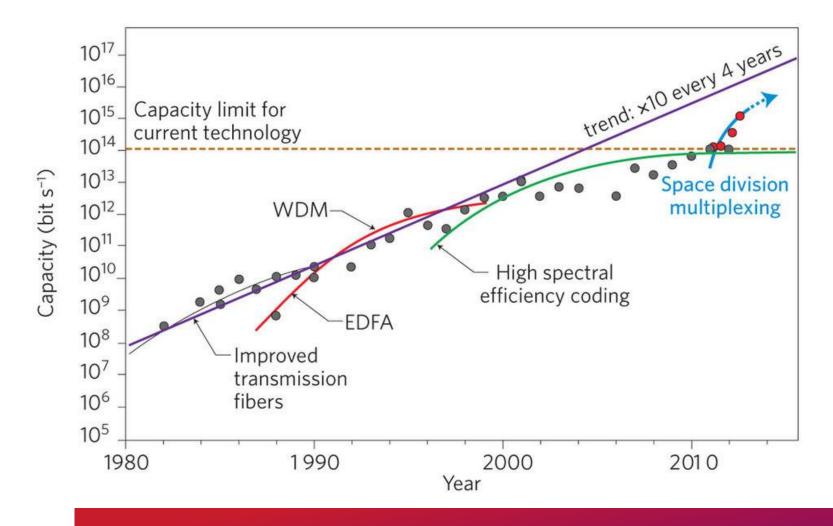


## History of pioneering innovation





## **Evolution of Optical Transmission Capacity**



Continuing to scale faster than Moore's Law



# On-demand Content consumption & Cloud are changing network/operations requirements

Video

**Mobility** 

**Internet of Things** 

Cloud



















Massive SCALE and ON-DEMAND unpredictability are REDEFINING how optical networks are built

## Optical Networks are Engineered and Operated in a Predominantly Static Fashion

# New demands = New Hardware

#### **FIXED CAPACITY**

- Designed for best guess predictions of worst case conditions
- Application-specific HW for lowest cost
- Nailed-up capacity; "set and forget" operating model

#### LACK OF ANALYTICS AND TOOLS

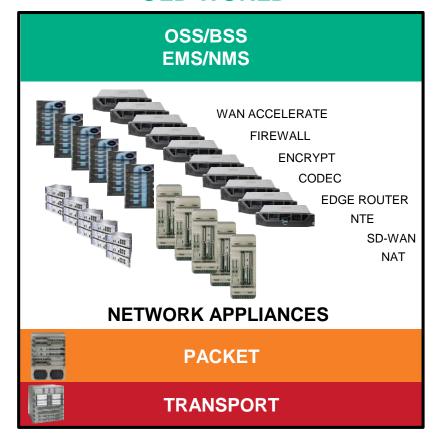
- Lack of real-time fiber / network data
- Inability to access real-time data from network
- Lack of appropriate tools; manual processes

Unsustainable operating model in today's environment



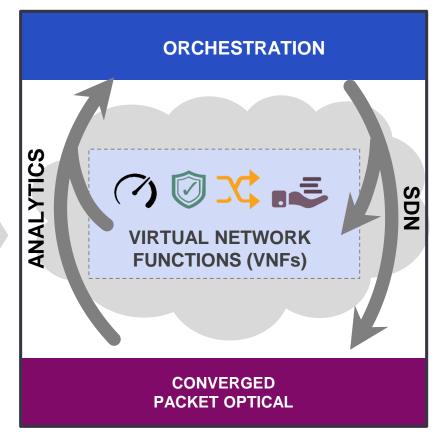
## Plus, Software is Eating the World

#### **OLD WORLD**



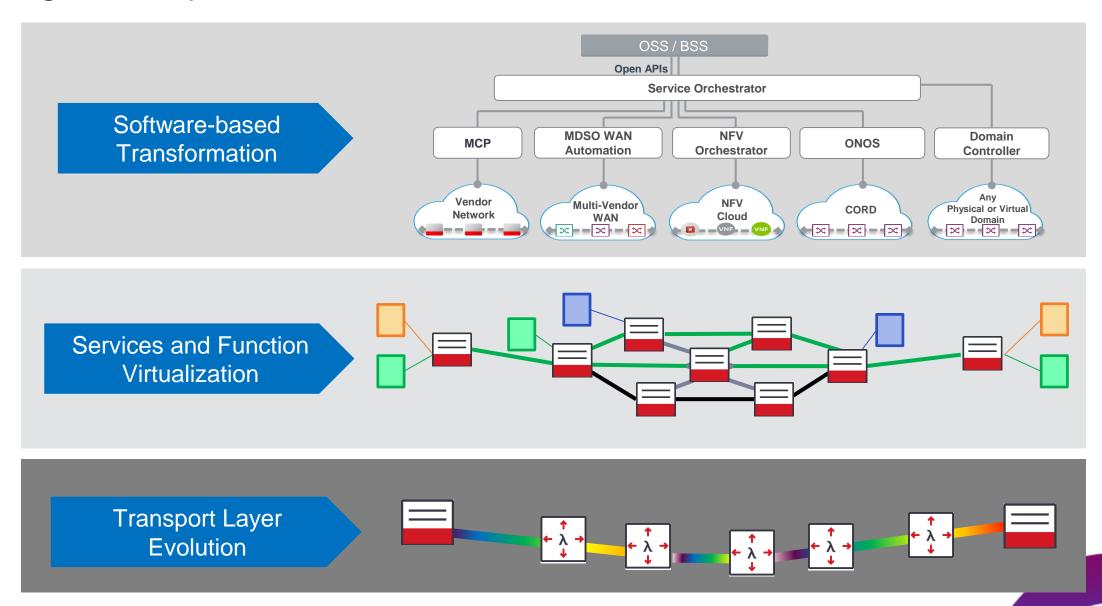


#### **NEW WORLD**





## Getting there requires Transformation





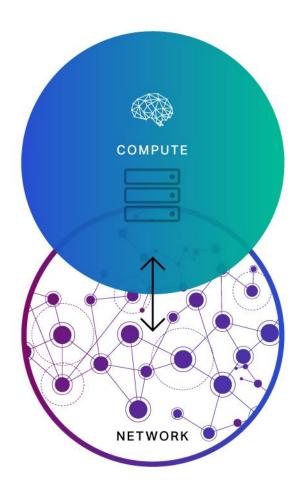
## End goal - Vision of the Autonomous Optical Network

#### What if...

- the network could self-monitor and predict failures before they occur?
- ...adapt to BW demands in real time and allocate capacity as needed?

#### Then you would get...

- increased automation
- network optimization
- increased profitability







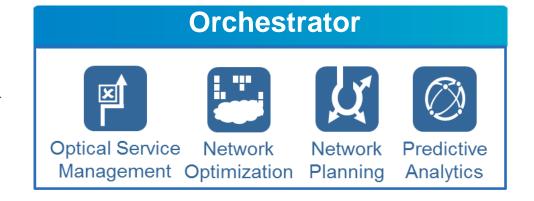


## Software-defined Optical Networking... we call it Liquid Spectrum

**Simplicity -** Advanced software applications that abstract complexity

**Agility and Scale** with

programmable hardware





**Choice** with open and disaggregated software

200G 250G 300G 150G 350G 100G - 400G 11 250G modulations 100G



## Monitoring:

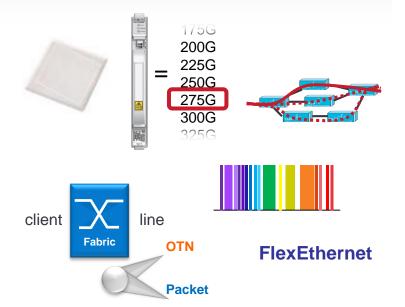
- OSNR and SNR
- CD/PMD
- BER and Latency
- etc...



## Building Blocks of the Software-Defined Optical Network

#### AGILE PACKET-OPTICAL ENGINE Flexible & Instrumented Technology

- Adjusts to new application layer requirements
- Key factor in driving lowest cost / bit



#### **ADVANCED TELEMETRY Open Interfaces**

- Access to all data from network
- Multiple data models, multiple protocols



#### OpenConfig







#### **SOFTWARE APPLICATIONS Analytics & Control**

- Leverage instrumentation to connect business policy to transport bandwidth
- Automate by rule and manage by exception





Capacity mining



**DWDM** Visualizer



## Programmable Coherent Optics

#### Automation and Intelligence required for building the dynamic, on-demand network

#### **New efficiencies**

- Further serial integration, up to 400G/λ
- Twice the capacity, three times the distance to drive down cost/power



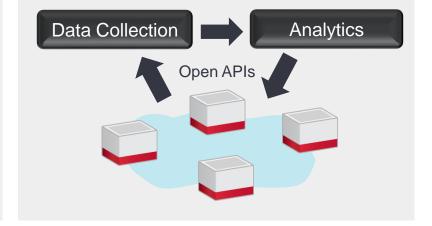
## **Unmatched Programmability** for Optimal Capacity

 Better match optimal capacity to existing network margin across applications



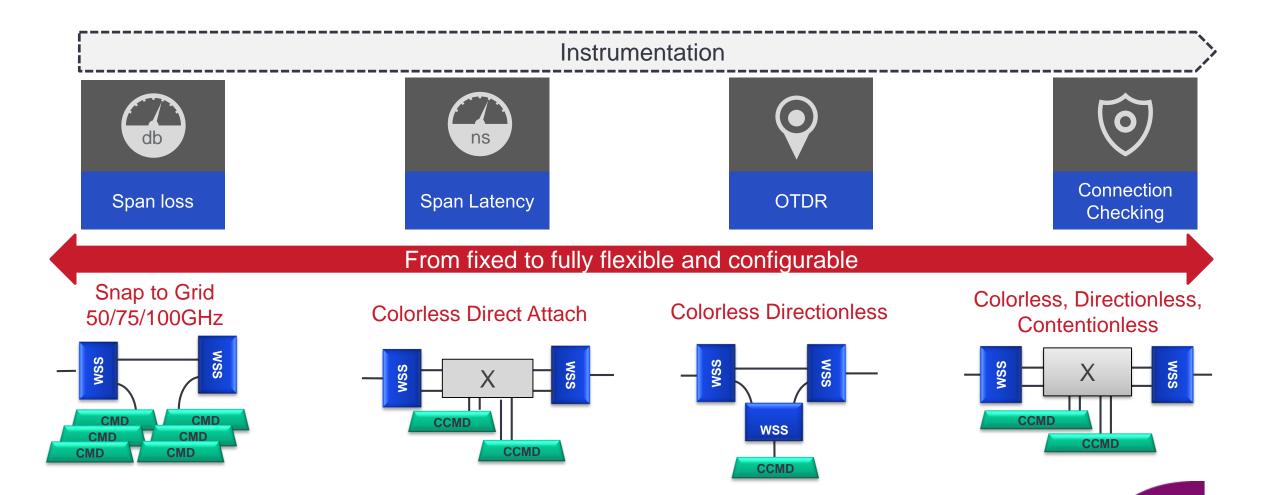
## New levels of intelligence

 Comprehensive signal monitoring for realtime network performance visibility enabling data driven decisions

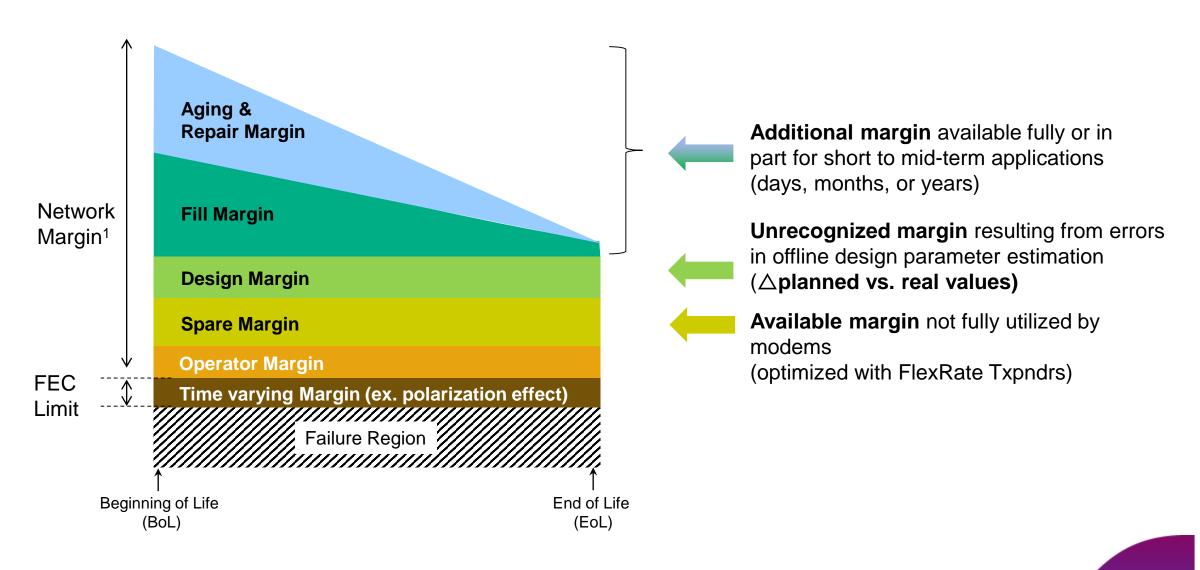




## Fully Flexible Photonic Layer



## System Margin – "Liquid" variable in optical networks

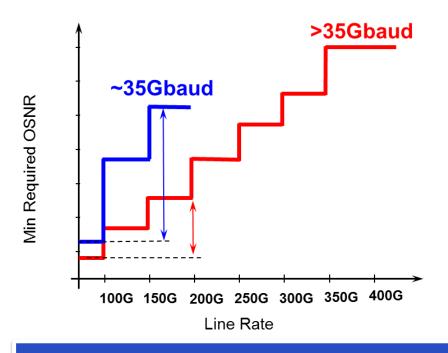


<sup>1.</sup> Inspired from "Design of low-margin optical networks", Y. Pointurier, JOCN, 2016.



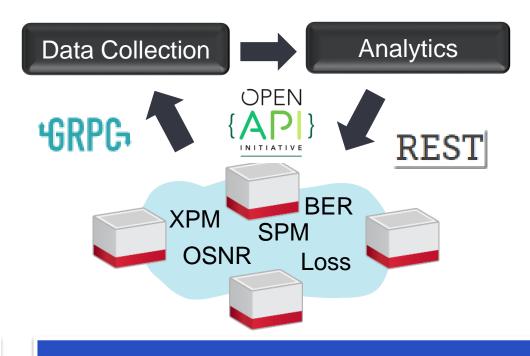
## Enablers in optimizing capacity for available SNR margin

#### Programmable coherent modems



Finer granularity of line rate speeds leads to better utilization of the available margin in the network

#### Real-time access to network data



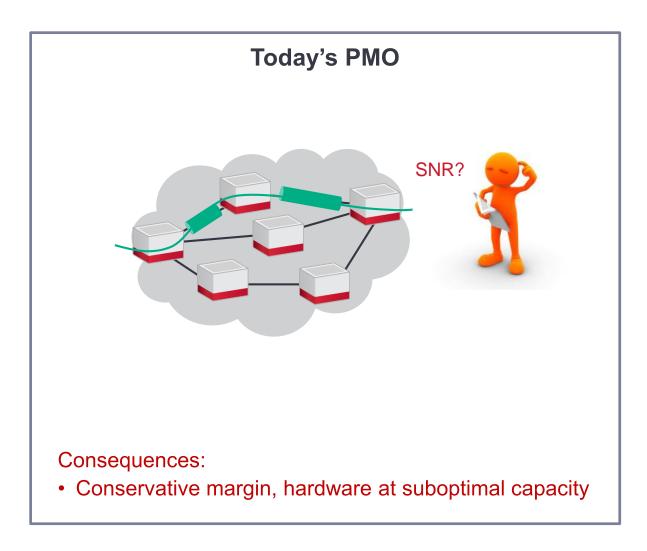
Network programmability and automation requires instrumented hardware and Open APIs

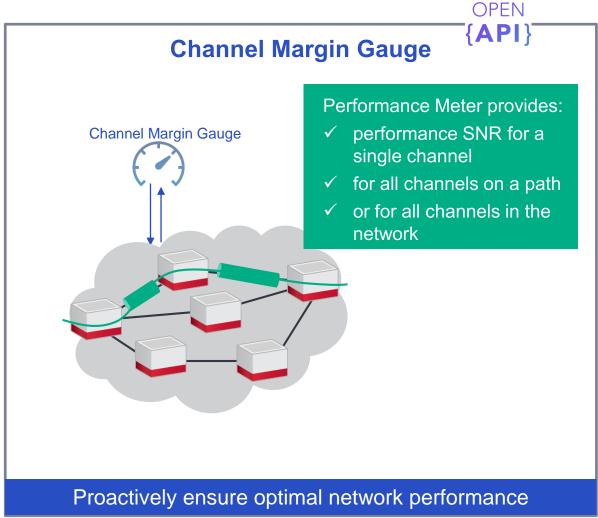


Examples of SDN Applications: Changing how Optical Networks are managed



## **Channel Margin Gauge**

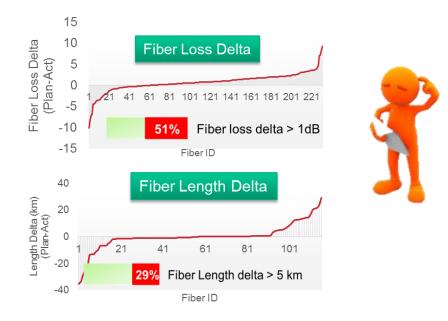




## **Planning Tool Calibrator**

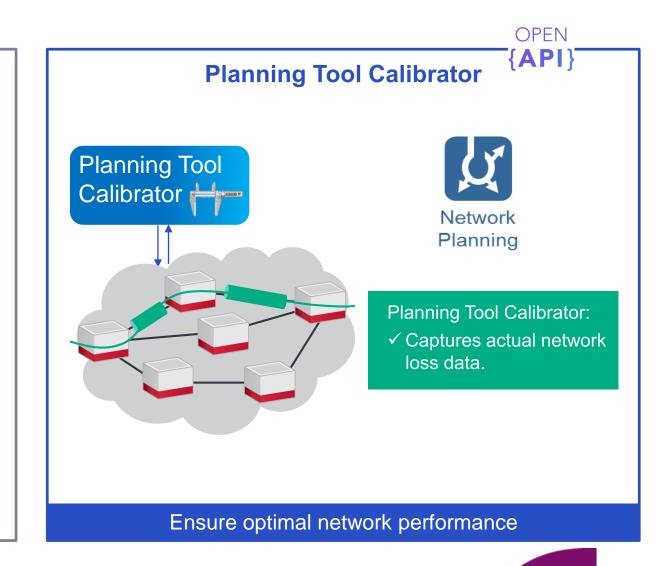
#### **Today's PMO**

Link engineering based on best-guess fiber data



#### Consequences:

Incorrect calculations, hardware at suboptimal capacity





## **Bandwidth Optimizer**

#### Today's PMO

Need 400G capacity from points A-Z





Planning tool

"Will 100G wave work?" "Will 200G wave work?" "Pass"

"Fail"



Where to place on spectrum? 150G?

#### Consequences:

Lengthy, complex manual engineering process

## **Bandwidth Optimizer**

**OPEN** {API}

Need 400G capacity from points A-Z





**Bandwidth Optimizer** 

"Need 400G from A-Z"

"Based on service policy, 2 x 200G optimal"

"Recommended placement is xx THz"

"This is what you need to order"

Simpler/accelerated turn-up, quickly respond to new service demands using existing network resources



## **Liquid Restoration**

